Lacebugs are small insects (about 1/8 inch) that damage several ornamentals by sucking fluids out of the leaves. The damage shows up as a discoloration of the leaves, leaving them almost silver. It is similar in appearance to mite damage, except that the chlorotic spots are larger. Lacebugs excrete a brownish-black, tar-like residue found on the under side of the leaves. The insects are rarely seen because they are small and hide on the undersides of the leaves.

Adults have lace-like, clear wings, but may be brown, tan, or white as there are over 27 different species in the U.S. Immature lacebugs are dark, wingless insects with spines radiating from the edges of their bodies. They move in a sideways manner, but are rarely seen. Eggs are inserted into the leaves along the midribs, on the undersides. Cone-like caps cover the eggs, projecting out from the bottoms of the leaves.

Several generations are present each year. The first generation usually emerges in May with subsequent generations appearing throughout the remainder of the growing season. Most lacebugs over-winter in egg form. (However, some lacebugs over-winter as adults, under bark of trees and shrubs.)

HOSTS: There are over 50 known hosts, but in our area the most common are Andromeda, Azalea, Beech, Birch, Chrysanthemum, Cotoneaster, Hawthorn, Linden, Oak, Pyracantha, Rhododendron, and Sycamore.

CONTROL: Lacebugs can be controlled with a variety of contact or systemic insecticides. Contact insecticides must be applied to the undersides of the leaves where the lacebug will come into contact with the insecticide. For this reason, systemic insecticides which are absorbed through the foliage and subsequently ingested by the lacebug, are often more practical for control of this pest. Insecticides should be applied anytime from May-September where lacebugs are active.

Systemic
Bayer Advanced Rose & Flower Insect Killer, Bayer Advanced Tree and Shrub Insect Control, Bonide Systemic Insect Control

Contact
Sevin, Eight, Insecticidal Soap, Horticultural Oil

ALWAYS READ AND FOLLOW LABEL DIRECTIONS WHEN APPLYING ANY PESTICIDES.